

need for a separate device, in this case a holster.

Charging transfer in the prior art is from units 405, and 105 to the bottom of 101 whereas an incorporation of the charging unit in the phone to make 1 unit is the idea proposed in patent 10/04774. Transfer needs no connection or separate unit as the charging system is built in the phone itself. This is accomplished by the movement of the photovoltaic cells from the separate unit, the holster, unto the cell phone itself or the battery attached to the cell phone in the indirect method. This addresses the need for convenience and simplicity to the user of the device as there is not 1 unit instead of 2. This also allows the users to charge their phones with little or no hassle or having to deal with a cumbersome unit. Charging is done naturally and with ease allowing little to no attention by the user. It effectively eradicates the holster or any other separate unit as a need for charging. This is similar to the way solar power calculators operate. There is no need for a separate holster or device. The panels and charging system are inherent to the unit as a whole and connections are housed internally instead of externally.

My proposition is to change the claims as shown to further specify the differences by incorporating the placement of the photovoltaic cells in the claim and specifying the unit as one as mentioned previously. The prior art does show feasibility however does not address unity and simplicity thereby enhancing convenience. If there are any further addendums or suggestions that would improve the uniqueness of the patent against anticipation feel free to add comments or reply.

DIRECT AND INDIRECT

Another example of novelty against the anticipation of the prior art is the direct and indirect method. No cell phones are communication units have been specified as supplying voltage directly. Previous methods allow for voltage transfer indirectly through the battery from an accessory. The idea proposed in patent 10/047773 allows for the direct transfer of current from a solar panel to the phone without the need for a battery. In other words, the phone will be able to function without a battery pending the voltage from the panels is sufficient. Or it can be made to function with the battery. This direct method addresses the need for charging a cell phone without the use of a battery. It is the first patent to address this and is not anticipated. All other previous means and prior art has a connection to the battery through an accessory. By eliminating accessories and attachments along with the need for a battery elevates the invention described in the posed patent in a novelty arena of its own.

CONDITIONAL REQUEST FOR CONSTRUCTIVE ASSISTANCE.

Applicant have amended the specification and claims of this application so that they are proper, and define novel structure which is also unobvious. If, for any reason this application is not believed to be in full condition for allowance, applicants respectfully request the constructive assistance and suggestions of the Examiner pursuant to M.P.E.P. 2173.02 and 707.07(j) in order that the undersigned can place this application in allowable condition as soon as possible and without the need for further proceedings.

Applicant's Signature

